CMMC 2.0 CYBERSECURITY COMPLIANCE FOR DOD CONTRACTS

Security & Compliance: Now & Tomorrow

Any Framework, Any Time, Any Place



Introductions & Welcome

Overview of CMMC 2.0

Implementation

Practical Considerations for DoD Contractors

Steps to Maintain Compliance in 2025

Latest News and Developments from CyberAB.org

Q&A





INTRODUCTION & WELCOME

- Vice President at H&V Facility Solutions, a Woman-Owned Small Business founded in 2022
- Been in the Mechanical Construction space since 2016 specializing in Building Automation, HVAC, Plumbing, and low voltage systems.
- Chemical Engineering & Music Studies degree from USF
- Career Focus on leveraging cutting edge tools and techniques to make traditional industries operate faster, better, easier, and recently – with easier compliance

WHY CMMC 2.0 MATTERS FOR AMERICA

SENIOR PENTAGON OFFICIAL SAYS CYBER WARFARE POSES SIGNIFICANT THREAT TO JOINT FORCE — JOHN GARSTKA



THE THREAT IS REAL-CYBER EXPO 2025

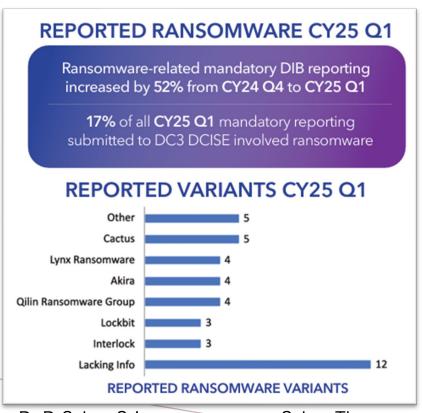
"What we have learned [from our wargaming] is that this is a significant threat that we have to prepare the joint force to deal with,"

Regarding which systems are most at risk of cyberattack, Garstka said America's adversaries — including China — often focus on the defense industrial base.

"We're not talking about hypotheticals here. If you're dependent on the DIB for operations of your space systems, you have to treat protecting the DIB as important as protecting the space system, space segment or ground segment,"

GOALS OF CMMC (CYBERSECURITY MATURITY MODEL) 2.0

THE CENTER FOR STRATEGIC AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES (CSIS) DOCUMENTED <u>6</u> <u>SIGNIFICANT CYBER INCIDENTS</u> IN 2025 (UP TO SEPTEMBER) WITH DIRECT OR INDIRECT TIES TO THE U.S. DIB OR ALLIED DEFENSE SECTORS, INCLUDING:









January: Russian surge in Ukraine Attacks affecting US DIB aid (4,315 incidents in 2024) **February**: Chinese Origin attacks (1,300+ in 2024)

March: Chinese-Linked front recruiting ex- U.S. Federal Workers



April: Chinese Malware on Latin American networks impacting U.S. Defense



May: Russian Campaign targeting NATO defense Supply Chains

DoD Cyber Crime DIB-Reported Cyber Threats



WHAT IS CMMC 2.0?

CMMC 2.0 is a framework to protect defense information relevant to adversaries and our Industrial Base:

- Federal Contract Information (FCI)
- Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)

CMMC Domains per DoD CIO CMMC v 2.13

- Access Controls (AC)
- Awareness & Training (AT)
- Audit & Accountability (AU)
- Configuration Management (CM)
- Identification & Authentication (IA)
- Incident Response (IR)
- Maintenance (MA)
- Media Protection (MP)
- Personnel Security (PS)
- Physical Protection (PE)
- Risk Assessment (RA)
- Security Assessment (CA)
- System and Communications Protection (SC)
- System and Information Integrity (SI)



CORE FRAMEWORK & LEVELS

LEVEL	CONTROL COUNT	ASSESSMENT TYPE	ALIGNMENT WITH NIST	
1	15	Self	FAR 52.204-21	Requires Audit, Remediation, then C3PAO Certifier
2	110	Self or 3 rd Party	NIST SP 800-171 Rev 2	
3	110+24	Government	NIST SP 800-171 Rev 2 + SP 800-172	

IMPLEMENTATION

5 STEPS TO CMMC 2.0 COMPLIANCE











Strategy & Program Management

Assessment & Gap Analysis

Remediation & Documentation

3rd Party Assessment Monitoring & Reporting

Manual 1 month
Automated 2 weeks
50% Savings

1.5 months 2 weeks 66% Savings 13 months 6 months 54% Faster 3 months 1 month 25% Faster

Continuous50% Savings

STRATEGY & PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

Initial Readiness Questionnaire

- 1. Organization Profile & Environment
- Access Control/Audit Internal IT or External MSP (technical)
- 3. Personal Security / Awareness & Training
- 4. Physical Protection
- 5. Risk-Security Assessment/Incident Response
- 6. System & Information Integrity/Maintenance



Initial NIST 800-171/CMMC Readiness Questionnaire

The questions compiled below are geared toward providing H&V Facility Solutions with an initial system evaluation for protecting Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) and a basic system scope for CUI preparedness. For the purpose of this assessment, CUI includes both CDI and CTI, as well as any contract related information. This questionnaire will assist in developing an overall assessment strategy.

Internal Stakeholders, HR, FSO, and internal/external IT/Cyber POCs will be required to answer these questions. Meetings(s) can also be scheduled with POCs to go over these questions and assist/offer guidance.

1. Organization Profile and Environment

Typically, Internal Stakeholders and internal/external IT/Cyber POCs can answer these questions. Meetings(s) can also be scheduled with POCs to go over these questions and assist/offer guidance.

1.1.1. How many locations (satellite offices, ect.) does the organization have?

2

1.1.2. How many employees does the organization currently employee?

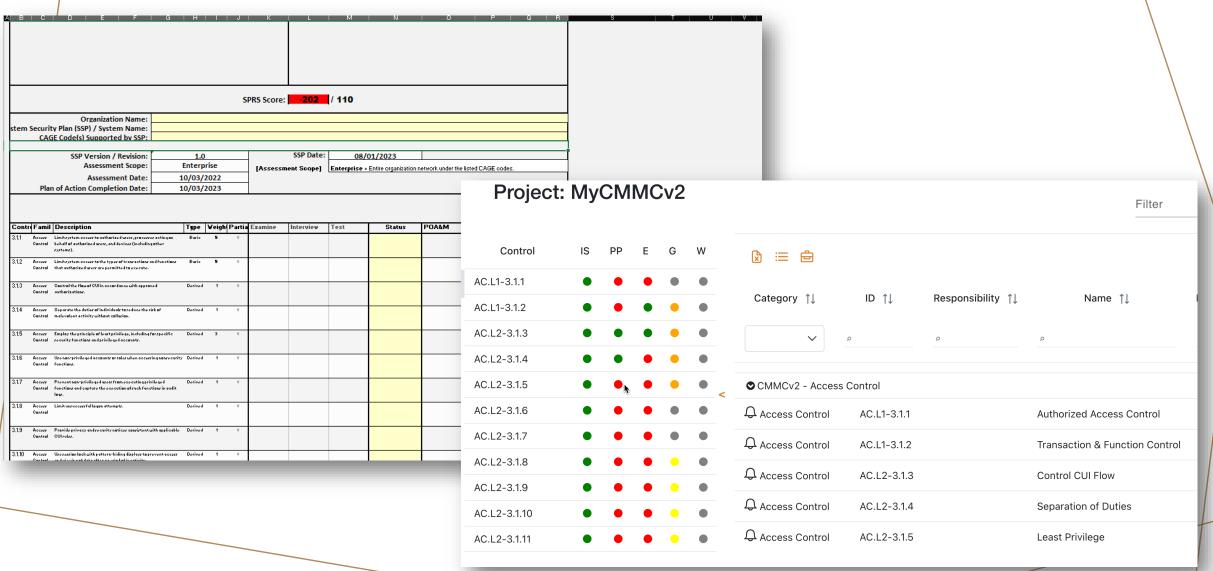
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23-35
1.1.3. Doers the organization employee any remote workers?
No
No
1.1.4. Does the organization currently access, handle, or process CUI? Or have plan
future contracts that would require them to access, handle, or process CUI?
800-171 Req
1.1.5. Does the organization employ any internal IT staff? If yes, please explain.
1.1.3. Does the organization employ any internal IT stair: If yes, please explain.

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ASSESSMENT & GAP ANALYSIS





SPRS – SUPPLIER PERFORMANCE RISK SYSTEM

Supplier Performance Risk System

REMEDIATION & DOCUMENTATION

POAM Dat	te	-	Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M)				
POAM#	Applicable Control(s)	Deficiency	Status		POAM	Assessor Guidance	
1	3.1.1	Generic Accounts Exist	Not Implemented			On-Premise Active Directory and Group Policy should be used for user Authentication, Security Groups, Policies, and RBAC.	
2	3.1.2	Limit System Access to Least Privilege	Not Implemented	Document use	er roles and Groups and Policies associated to those roles	On-Premise Active Directory and Group Policy should be used for user Authentication, Security Groups, Policies, and RBAC.	
3	3.1.3	Control Flow of CUI Data with approval controls	Not Implemented	Identify Data and configure user access to only allow access to data according to their role(s)		File Server, storage/folders, utilize Security Groups and Permission Shares. This permit only authorized users with roles that require access to the specific Data. Levels of access is determined and authorized by Information System Owner.	
4	3.1.4	Separate the duties of individuals to reduce the risk of malevolent activity without collusion	Partially Implemented	access is granted on a need to know basis.		All system resources are shared on a local file server, this should be connected to a domain controller/AID with user roles and separation of duties; utilizing both system access group and data owner group memberships.	
5	3.1.5	Employ the principle of least privilege, including for specific security functions and privileged accounts	Partially Implemented			On-Premise Active Directory and Group Policy should used for user Authentication Security Groups, Policies, and RBAC. User roles are documented and administrative and security tasks are logged	
6	3.1.6	Use non-privileged accounts or roles when accessing no security functions.	Partially Implemented	Verify only auth and only use a	norized users have access to administrative functions	On-Premise Active Directory and Group Policy should used for user Authentication	
7	3.1.7	Prevent non-privileged users from executing privileged functions and capture the execution of such functions in audit logs.	Partially Implemented	Verify users	Complian	ce Framework Fore	
8	3.1.8	Limit unsuccessful logon attempts.	Not Implemented	This is ODP (Or an	None : 97		
9	3.1.9	Provide privacy and security notices consistent with applicable CUI rules.	Not Implemented	Configure log specific bar standard ban	Implemented: 7		
10	3.1.10	Use session lock with pattern-hiding displays to prevent access and viewing of data after a period of inactivity	Not Implemented		Partially Implemen	nted: 0	
11	3.1.11	Terminate (automatically) a user session after a defined condition.	Not Implemented	Verify or co	Planned: 0		

3.1.12

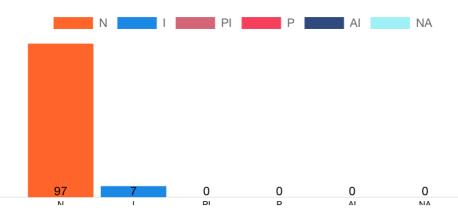
Monitor and control remote access

sessions

ework Forecast: CMMCv2

Alternative Implementation: 0

Not Applicable: 0

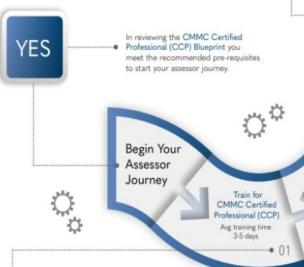


3RD PARTY ASSESSMENT – C3PAO

BECOMING A CMMC ASSESSOR

Are you qualified to become an assessor?





- 1. Start by finding an Approved Training Provider (ATP) from The Cyber AB Marketplace to train for CMMC Certified Professional (CCP) CyberAB > Directory
- 2. Successfully complete CCP training with a selected ATP. If you plan to take the CCP exam, you must obtain your CMMC Professional Number (CPN) by completing the CCP application process. CCP Candidate Application - CyberAB The ATP will submit your successful training completion using your CPN

- 1. Apply for Tier 3 background investigation.
- 2. Once your Tier 3 application and resume have been submitted, there will be no updates or visibility on where your application is in process. This can be a lengthy process and can take months for WHS to complete the investigation. Once the investigation is complete, you will be notified of your determination status.
 - Complete and ubmit DoD Tier 3 Application and Resume

Avg processing time 3-6 months

Take and Pass the CCP Exam Avg testing time 3-4 hours

3. Highly recommend you take the

DoD CUI Awareness Training

CCP training

DoD CUI Program > Training >

DoD Training before starting your

3. Find an Approved Training Provider (ATP)

4. Successfully complete the CCA submit your successful training

3. Once you've successfully completed CCP training, passed the CCP exam. and earned a favorable Tier 3 determination you'll be considered "certified". As a CCP you can then participate on assessments working on a team with CCAs, assessing only Level

Train for CMMC

Must have successfully completed CCP Training and passed CCP examination

- 2. Complete CCA Application Process CCA Registration | Cyber-AB (cyberab.org)
- from The Cyber AB Marketplace to train for CMMC Certified Assessor (CCA) CyberAB > Directory
- training with selected ATP. The ATP will completion using your CPN

DoD CMMC Certified Assessor

1. Hold an active CCP Certification

3. Hold a CCA Certification which also

A. Three (3) years of cybersecurity

4. Hold at least one active baseline

at either the Intermediate or

B. One (1) year of audit or assessment

certification from 8140.3, Job ID 612

2. Hold an active Tier 3

experience

experience

Advanced Level

Requirements:

requires:

Met all DoD

1. CCP - Level 1, FCI

2. CCA - Level 2, CUI

- 3. Have five (5) years of
 - 4. Have three (3) years of audit or assessment experience
 - Advanced Level



You are now

a DoD CMMC

Certified

Assessor

- 1. Hold an active certified CCA
- 2. Have five (5) years of cybersecurity experience
- management experience
- 5. Hold at least one active baseline certification from 8140.3, Job ID 612 at the

CONTINUOUS COMPLIANCE + REAL-TIME VISIBILITY



14 items selected **Recurring Control Tasks DORA** One Time Completed: 0% (0) Completed Not Completed Not Completed: 100% **Policies Requiring Approval**

Level 2 Requires C3PAO every 3 years with yearly audits updated in SPRS

PRACTICAL
CONSIDERATIONS
FOR DOD
CONTRACTORS





BEST PRACTICES

- Prioritize cost-effective automation for assessments and mapping. (Source:
 - https://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents/CMMC/CMMC-FAQs.pdf)
- Utilize free DoD resources like CMMC Academy and guides. (Source: https://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents/CMMC/CMMC-FAQs.pdf)
- Start now: Compliance mandatory for specified contracts <u>post-Nov</u> <u>10, 2025</u>; attend upcoming events like CS5 East Conference (Oct 16-17, 2025) for ecosystem updates. (Source: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2025/09/10/2025-17359/defense-federal-acquisition-regulation-supplement-assessing-contractor-implementation-of)

REVIEW OF COMPLIANCE STEPS











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Remediation & Documentation

3rd Party Assessment Monitoring & Reporting

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Continuous50% Savings

DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT!

- SSP NIST-800-171 v1.1
- AcceptableUsePolicyv1.0
- Access Control Policy
- Auditing and Accountability Policy
- Configuration Management Policy
- Contingency Planning Policy
- Cyber Incident Response Standard
- Identification and Authentication Policy
- Incident Response Policy
- Maintenance Policy
- Media Protection Policy
- Security Awareness and Training Policy
- Security Assessment and Authorization .
 Policy
- System and Information Integrity Policy .

- System and Communications Protection Policy
- Risk Assessment Policy
- Personnel Security Policy
- Physical and Environmental Protection Policy
- Personnel Security Policy
- NIST 800-171 Controls Tracking Spreadsheet 2024
- AccessControlandDataflowPlanv1.0
- Configuration Change Request Tracking Form
- AuditLogPlanv1.0
- ConfigurationManagementPlanv1.0
- IdentificationandAuthenticationPlanv1.
- **Incident Response Tracking Form**

- Incident ResponseReportv1.0
- IncidentRepsonsePlanv1.0
- MaintenancePlanv1.0
- Security Assessment
- Risk Management and ContinuousMonitoringPlanv1.0
- SecurityAwarenessTrainingPlanv1.0
- POAM List
- Risk Assessment Report
- SP800-171AssessmentSpreadsheet

CASE STUDY – 50 EMPLOYEE COMPANY

TRADITIONAL MANUAL ASSESSMENT

- Audit required interviews and manual inputting of system, personnel, and CCI Generation.
- Audit to POAM: 3-4 months
- Remediation & upgrades: 8-13 months
- C3PAO Certification: 3 months
- Total 1.5 years
- Audit Cost: ~ \$60K

SEMI-AUTOMATED ASSESSMENT

- Automated Scanning and system Mapping augments personnel and physical security mapping.
- Audit to POAM: 1 month
- Remediation & Upgrades: 6 months
- C3PAO Certification: 1 month
- Total 8 Months
- Audit + Continuous Compliance ~ \$30K

REMEDIATION COST VARY WIDELY FROM \$10K'S TO \$100K

LATEST NEWS

Latest News for DoD Contractors (as of September 16, 2025)

DFARS Final Rule Published and Effective Soon: The Department of Defense released the final DFARS rule on September 10, 2025, implementing CMMC 2.0 requirements in contracts; it becomes effective *November 10, 2025*, starting Phase 1 with self-assessments for Levels 1 and some Level 2.

Certification Required Before Awards: Contractors must have a "current" CMMC certification or self-assessment in SPRS before contract award or option exercise for deals involving FCI or CUI; no more "win now, certify later."

POA&Ms and Affirmations Clarified: Plans of Action and Milestones (POA&Ms) are allowed for Levels 2 and 3 (close within 180 days for conditional status); annual affirmations by a senior official are mandatory, with no lapse notifications needed.

Subcontractor Flow down and Small Business Impact: Prime contractors must ensure subs meet the same CMMC levels for FCI/CUI handling; the rule affects about 229,818 small entities over time, with cost estimates for assessments.

